

Kadapa : 868 80 80 80 2/4

Chennai : 9677166210/70

**IBPS Clerk : Mains
Grand Test - 05**

Test-I : Quantitive Aptitude

Directions (1-5) : What should come in place of question mark (?) in the following simplification problems?

01. $531 \times ? \times 11 = 251163$
 1) 39 2) 43 3) 47
 4) 41 5) None of these
02. $\left[(30)^3 \div 60 \times 24 \right] \div 25 = 36 \times ?$
 1) 12 2) 15 3) 18
 4) 21 5) None of these
03. $8493 + 3148 + 955 - ? = 8727 + 963$
 1) 2932 2) 2923 3) 2906
 4) 2942 5) None of these
04. $13888 \div ? = 56 \times 31$
 1) 6 2) 11 3) 3
 4) 8 5) None of these
05. $\frac{?}{1296} = \frac{49}{?}$
 1) 264 2) 258 3) 236
 4) 252 5) None of these
06. The average marks in Math subject of a class of 32 students is 72. If the marks of two students were misread as 66 and 72 in place of 74 and 82 respectively, then what would be the correct average (upto two decimal place)?
 1) 68.52 2) 69.56 3) 72.56
 4) 74.65 5) 66.54
07. The total marks obtained by a student in History, Psychology and Geography together is 140 more than the marks obtained by him in Psychology. What are the average marks obtained by him in History and Geography together?
 1) 70 2) 65 3) 68
 4) Cannot be determined 5) None of these
08. Raghu's present age is two times his son's present age and three fifth of his father's present age. The average of the present age of all of them is 38 years. What is the difference between Raghu's son's present age and Raghu's father's present age?
 1) 48 years 2) 42 years 3) 52 years
 4) Cannot be determined 5) None of these
09. A boatman can row his boat at 16 km/h in still water. He rows from a point A to B upstream and returns from B to A downstream in a total time of 8 hours. If distance between A to B is 48 km, what is the speed of stream?
 1) 8 km/h 2) 4 km/h 3) 6 km/h
 4) 3 km/h 5) None of these

10. The ratio of length of a rectangle and height of a cylinder is 3 : 4 and also ratio of breadth of rectangle and diameter of cylinder is 1:2. The ratio of length to breadth of rectangle is 3:1. If perimeter of rectangle is 112 m then what is the volume of cylinder?
 1) 32,596 metre cube 2) 38,286 metre cube
 3) 34,496 metre cube 4) 28,896 metre cube
 5) None of these

Directions (11-15) : Study the following table carefully and answer the following question.

The table represents the cost of production and profit percentages over the years 2009 to 2013 of two e-commerce companies Amazon and Flipkart.

Year	Amazon		Flipcart	
	Cost of production (Rs. in lakh)	Profit%	Cost of production (Rs. in lakh)	Profit%
2009	320	40%	—	40%
2010	—	30%	—	25%
2011	420	20%	440	35%
2012	460	45%	470	20%
2013	510	30%	580	—

Note: - A few values are missing. It is expected that the candidate should calculate the missing values, if it required to find the answer for the questions given below.

Profit = Sales – cost of production

$$\text{Profit \%} = \left(\frac{\text{Profit}}{\text{Cost of production}} \right) \times 100 \%$$

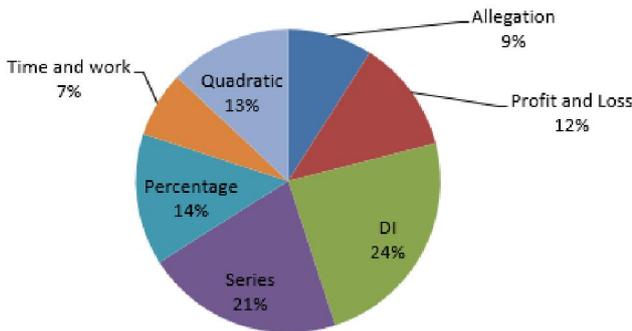
11. If the profit for the year 2013 of company Flipkart is ₹ 174 lakhs, what will be the average of values of profit percentage over all the years
 1) 42 2) 30 3) 41
 4) 37 5) None of these
12. If total cost of production of Amazon and Flipcart in year 2010 is 700 lakhs and also the cost of production of Flipcart in 2010 is same as that of Amazon in 2011 then what is the ratio of profit of Amazon and Flipcart in the year 2010?
 1) 9 : 4 2) 5 : 9 3) 4 : 5
 4) 10 : 11 5) Can't be determined
13. Find the average of sales of company Flipcart in 2011 and 2012 together?
 1) ₹ 579 lakhs 2) ₹ 527 lakhs
 3) ₹ 677 lakhs 4) ₹ 585 lakhs
 5) ₹ 713 lakhs

14. For company Amazon, if the ratio of profits in 2009 and 2010 is 64 : 51, then what is the cost of production in 2010 (in lakh)?
 1) ₹ 340 2) ₹ 240 3) ₹ 260
 4) ₹ 220 5) None of these
15. If cost of production of Amazon is decreased by 20% in 2014 than 2013 and sales of the same company increased by 25% in 2014 over 2013 then what will be the profit of company Amazon in 2014 (in lakhs)?
 1) 420.75 2) 425.5 3) 435
 4) 450 5) None of these

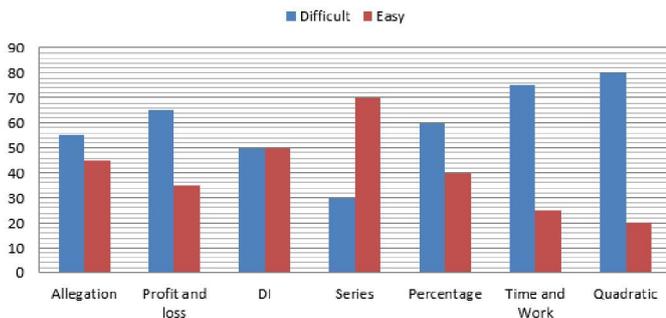
Directions (16-20) : Study the following graph and answer the questions accordingly:

The following pie-chart shows the percentage distribution of questions asked from different sections of quant in 10 years in various banking exams

Total questions asked in 10 years = 15180000



The following graph shows the percentage of level of questions from different sections asked in 10 years



16. What is the difference between the number of difficult questions asked from DI and Series sections ?
 1) 693342 2) 865260 3) 682503
 4) 721050 5) 713394
17. The number of difficult questions asked from Allegation section are approximately what percent of number of difficult questions asked from Quadratic section ?
 1) 48% 2) 67% 3) 37%
 4) 24% 5) 73%
18. What is the ratio of total number of easy questions asked from Allegation and Profit and Loss sections together to the total number of easy questions asked from Percentage and Time and work sections together?
 1) 111 : 123 2) 241 : 233 3) 23 : 77
 4) 125 : 351 5) None of these

19. The number of difficult questions asked from Series section are what percent more or less than the total number of questions asked from Percentage section?
 1) 61% less 2) 59% less 3) 55% less
 4) 67% more 5) 60% less

20. What is the average number of difficult questions asked from DI, Quadratic and Allegation sections together ?
 1) 2745340 2) 1756880 3) 2383400
 4) 1383910 5) None of these

21. Out of three numbers, the first is four times the second and is one third of the third. If the average of the three numbers is 221, what will be the difference between the highest no. and the lowest one?
 1) 720 2) 429 3) 801
 4) 350 5) 691

22. The avg. weight of three men A, B and C is 84 kg. Another man D joins the group and the average now becomes 80 kg. If another man E, whose weight is 3 kg more than that of D, replaces A, then the average weight of B, C, D and E becomes 79 kg. What is the weight of A?
 1) 70 kg 2) 75 kg 3) 80 kg
 4) 85 kg 5) None of these

23. The avg. monthly expenditure of a family was ₹ 3400 during the first four months; ₹ 2200 during the next five months and ₹ 4200 during the last three months of a year. If the total savings during the year were ₹ 2800, what was the one eighth of annual income?
 1) ₹ 7200 2) ₹ 7400 3) ₹ 7550
 4) ₹ 7880 5) ₹ 5000

24. In how many different ways can the letters of the word 'PRAISE' be arranged?
 1) 720 2) 610 3) 360
 4) 210 5) None of these

25. Four examiners examine a certain number of answer papers in 10 days by working for five hours a day. For how many hours in a day would two examiners have to work in order to examine twice the number of answers papers in 20 days?

- 1) 8 hours 2) $7\frac{1}{2}$ hours 3) 10 hours
 4) $8\frac{1}{2}$ hours 5) None of these

Direction(26-30) : In each of these questions, two equations are given. You have to solve these equations and find out the values of x and y and give answer

- 1) if $x < y$ 2) if $x > y$ 3) if $x \leq y$
 4) if $x \geq y$
 5) if $x = y$ or no relation can be established

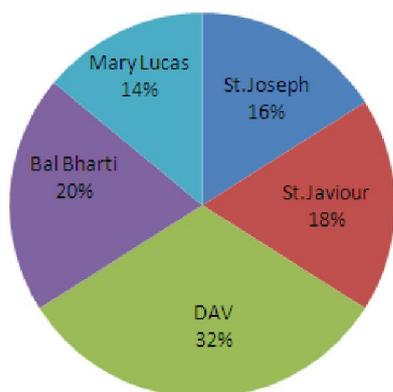
26. I. $4x - 7y = 209$ II. $12x - 14y = -38$
 27. I. $17x^2 + 48x = 9$ II. $13y^2 = 32y - 12$
 28. I. $16x^2 + 20x + 6 = 0$ II. $10y^2 + 38y + 24 = 0$
 29. I. $8x^2 + 6x = 5$ II. $12y^2 - 22y + 8 = 0$
 30. I. $18x^2 + 18x + 4 = 0$ II. $12y^2 + 29y + 14 = 0$

31. A machine depreciates in value each year at the rate of 10% of its previous value. However, every second year there is some maintenance work so that in that particular year, depreciation is only 5% of its previous value. If at the end of the fourth year, the value of the machine stands at ₹ 1,46,205, then find the value of machine at the start of the first year.
 1) ₹ 1,90,000 2) ₹ 2,00,000 3) ₹ 1,95,000
 4) ₹ 2,10,000 5) None of these
32. In the university examination last year, Rajesh scored 65% in English and 82% in History. What is the minimum percent he should score in Sociology, which is out of 50 marks (if English and History were for 100 marks each), if he aims at getting 78% overall?
 1) 94% 2) 92% 3) 98%
 4) 96% 5) None of these
33. A sold a table to B at a profit of 20%. B sold the same table to C for ₹ 75 thereby making a profit of 25%. Find the price at which A bought the table from X.
 1) ₹ 30 2) ₹ 40 3) ₹ 50
 4) ₹ 60 5) None of these
34. A watch dealer sells watches at ₹ 600 per watch. However, he is forced to give two successive discounts of 10% and 5% respectively. However, he recovers the sales tax on the net sale price from the customer at 5% of the net price. What price does a customer have to pay him to buy the watch?
 1) ₹ 539.75 2) ₹ 539.65 3) ₹ 538.75
 4) ₹ 538.65 5) None of these
35. A pet shop owner sells two puppies at the same price. On one he makes a profit of 20% and on the other he suffers a loss of 20%. Find his loss or gain per cent on the whole transaction.
 1) Gain of 4% 2) No profit no loss
 3) Loss of 10% 4) Loss of 4%
 5) None of these

Directions (36-40) : Study the pie-charts carefully to answer the questions that follow :

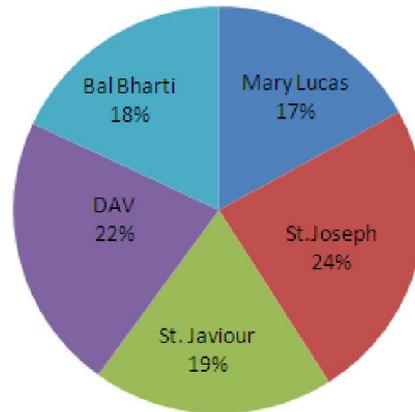
Percentage of students studying in different colleges of a city and percentage of girls studying in these colleges respectively

Total number of students = 45500



Percentage of girls studying in different colleges

Total number of girls = 20500



36. The number of girls studying in Mary Lucas college is approximately what percent of the boys studying in DAV college?
 1) 26% 2) 35% 3) 54%
 4) 46% 5) 65%
37. What is the approximate average number of boys studying in St. Joseph, St. Javiour and Bal Bharti colleges together?
 1) 4155 2) 4250 3) 4021
 4) 4577 5) 5420
38. What is the ratio of girls studying in St. Joseph and Bal Bharti colleges together to the boys studying in DAV and St. Javiour colleges together?
 1) 2456 : 2417 2) 1722 : 2869 3) 7 : 6
 4) 243 : 322 5) None of these
39. What is the difference between total number of boys studying in Mary Lucas, Bal Bharti and St. Joseph colleges together and the total number of girls studying in the same colleges together?
 1) 1487 2) 1350 3) 1542
 4) 1440 5) 1520
40. The number of boys studying in DAV and Bal Bharti colleges together are approximate what percent of the total number of students studying in all the five colleges together?
 1) 34 2) 42 3) 54
 4) 25 5) 52
41. In an examination Raman scored 25 marks less than Rohit. Rohit scored 45 more marks than Sonia. Rohan scored 75 marks which is 10 more than Sonia. Ravi's score is 50 less than maximum marks of the test. What approximate percentage of marks did Ravi score in the examination if he gets 34 marks more than Raman?
 1) 90% 2) 70% 3) 80%
 4) 60% 5) 85%
42. A gave 25% of an amount to B. From the money B got, he spent 30% on a dinner. Out of the remaining amount, the respective ratio between the amount B kept as savings and the amount he spent on buying a book is 5 : 2. If B bought the book for ₹ 460, how much money did A have in the beginning?
 1) ₹ 12600 2) ₹ 9200 3) ₹ 12000
 4) ₹ 9000 5) ₹ 8000

43. An item was bought at Rs x and sold at Rs y, there by earning a profit of 20%. Had the value of x been 15% less and the value of y Rs 76 less, a profit of 30% would have been earned. What was the value of x.
 1) ₹ 640 2) ₹ 400 3) ₹ 600
 4) ₹ 800 5) ₹ 840
44. Uday sells an article at a gain of $\frac{25}{2}$ %. If he had sold it at Rs 22.50 more, he would have gained 25%. The cost price of the article is
 1) Rs 162 2) Rs 140 3) Rs 196
 4) Rs 180 5) None of these
45. Mr Uday deposited a total amount of ₹ 65,000 in three different schemes A, B and C with rates of interest 12%, 16% and 18% per annum, respectively and earned a total interest of ₹ 10,180 in one year. If the amount invested in scheme A was 72% of the amount invested in scheme C, then what was the amount invested in scheme B?
 1) ₹ 25000 2) ₹ 22000 3) ₹ 18000
 4) Cannot be determined
 5) None of these
46. If ₹ 1000 is to be invested at interest rate of 5% and after 10 years, total interest is added to the principal, then the total number of years from beginning in which it will amount to ₹ 2000 is
 1) $\frac{50}{3}$ year 2) $\frac{65}{4}$ year 3) 16 year
 4) 11 year 5) None of these
47. The respective ratio among the present age of Ram, Rohan and Raj is 3 : 4 : 5. If the average of their present age is 28 years then what would be the sum of the age of Ram and Rohan together after 5 years?
 1) 45 years 2) 55 years 3) 52 years
 4) 59 years 5) None of these
48. A man covers $\frac{1}{3}$ rd of his journey by cycle at 50 km/h, the next $\frac{1}{3}$ by car at 30 km/h, and the rest by walking at 7 km/h. Find the average speed during the whole journey.
 1) 14.2 kmph 2) 15.29 kmph 3) 18.2 kmph
 4) 12.8 kmph 5) None of these
49. A and B can do a piece of work in 30 days and 45 days respectively. They start working together. After working three days A leaves and another person C joins to B. If B and C both finish the rest of work in 25/2 days then in how many days C can finish the work alone?
 1) $\frac{71}{3}$ days 2) $\frac{45}{2}$ days 3) 45 days
 4) 25 days 5) None of these

50. In how many ways the letters of the word 'JHAKKASS' can be arranged such that vowels come together?
 1) 3540 2) 6720 3) 1260
 4) 1820 5) None of these

Test - II : Reasoning Ability

Directions (51-55) : Study the following information to answer the given questions:

A word and number arrangement machine when given an input line of words and numbers rearranges them following a particular rule in each step. The following is an illustration of input and rearrangement. (All the numbers are two-digit numbers and all are arranged as per some logic based on the value of the number.)

Input : stronger 48 banks 39 gaining 74 market 56 share 27

Step I : market stronger 48 banks gaining 74 56 share 27 39

Step II : banks market stronger gaining 74 56 share 27 39 48

Step III : stronger banks market gaining 74 56 share 39 48 27

Step IV : gaining stronger banks market 74 share 39 48 27 56

Step V : share gaining stronger banks market 39 48 27 56 74

Step V is the last step of the arrangement the above input.

As per the rules followed in the above steps, find out in each of the following questions the appropriate steps for the given input.

Input : India 54 Will 15 Remain 77 Fair 39 Fastest 28

51. Which of the following would be step III?
 1) remain fair fastest india will 54 15 39 28 77
 2) remain fair fastest india 54 will 39 15 28 77
 3) remain fair fastest india 54 will 39 28 77 15
 4) remain fair fastest india 54 will 15 39 28 77
 5) None of these

52. Which word/number would be at sixth position from the right end in step IV?
 1) India 2) 54 3) 39
 4) fastest 5) 28

53. How many steps required to complete the above input?
 1) Four 2) Five 3) Six
 4) Seven 5) None of these

54. In which step the elements '15 39 28' found in the same order?
 1) Step V 2) Step IV 3) Step I
 4) Step II 5) Step III

55. Which element is exactly between '15' and '77' in Step II?
 1) remain 2) fair 3) 39
 4) 28 5) None of these

Directions (56-60) : Study the following information carefully and answer the given questions.

A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H are sitting around a square table in such a way that four of them sit at four corners of the square while four sit in the middle of each of the four sides. The one who sits at the four corners face the centre of the table while those who sit in the middle of the sides face outside. Each of them likes a different colour, viz Red, Blue, Pink, Yellow, Violet, Orange, White and Black colour but not necessarily in the same order. C sits third to the left of the one who likes Black colour. The one who likes Black colour faces outside. Only two persons sit between C and

H. The one who likes Red colour sits on the immediate right of H. The one who likes Violet colour sits second to the right of G. G is neither an immediate neighbour of H nor of C. G does not like Black colour. Only one person sits between A and the one who likes Violet colour. D sits on the immediate left of the one who likes Orange colour. G does not like Orange colour. E likes White colour. E is not an immediate neighbour of A. The one who likes Blue colour is an immediate neighbour of E. The one who likes Yellow colour is an immediate neighbour of F.

56. What is the position of the one who likes Orange colour with respect to G?
 1) Second to the left 2) Third to the right
 3) Fourth to the left 4) Second to the right
 5) Third to the left
57. Who among the following represent the immediate neighbours of the one who likes Violet colour?
 1) B, F 2) C, E 3) B, E
 4) D, F 5) F, H
58. Who among the following sits exactly between H and B?
 1) C
 2) The one who likes Blue colour
 3) The one who likes Pink colour
 4) G
 5) A
59. Which of the following is true regarding B?
 1) B is one of the immediate neighbours of D.
 2) The one who likes Black colour is an immediate neighbour of B.
 3) B sits second to the left of H.
 4) B likes White colour.
 5) B is an immediate neighbour of the one who likes Red colour.
60. Who amongst the following sits diagonally opposite the one who likes Red colour?
 1) The one who likes Blue colour
 2) D
 3) A
 4) The one who likes Pink colour
 5) The one who likes Yellow colour

Directions (61-65) : Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below.

There are seven students, A, B, C, D, E, F and G. And they like different subjects viz. Hindi, English, Sanskrit, Science, and Art but not necessarily in the same order. They play different games viz. Ludo, Chess, Badminton, Cricket, Football, Carrom, and Kho-Kho but not necessarily in the same order. They are from different sectors of Noida viz. Noida Sec-37, Noida Sec-62, Noida Sec-58, Noida Sec-12, Noida Sec-44, and Noida Sec-19. Each subject is liked by at least one student except two subjects which are liked by two students each. Only two students are there, who are from the same place (Sector). The following information is known about them. A likes English subject. E likes Art subject and plays cricket. The student who plays Badminton belongs to Noida Sec-44. D and F likes same subject. The only student who belongs to Noida Sec-37 plays Ludo. B plays either Chess or Carrom. F belongs to Noida Sec-19. The one who

belongs to Noida Sec-12 plays Football but he does not like English subject nor he is the D. Neither B nor F likes Sanskrit subject. The student who likes Hindi belongs to Noida Sec-58 and in any case he is not D. The student who plays Kho-Kho likes Sanskrit subject. C and E belong to same sector of Noida. There are two students who like Sanskrit subject. A does not belong to Noida Sec-37 and C does not like Football.

61. Which of the following students belong to Noida Sec- 62 ?
 1) C 2) G 3) E
 4) A 5) Both (1) and (3)
62. Which one of the following student plays Carrom?
 1) B 2) F 3) D
 4) A 5) Either (a) or (b)
63. Which of the following student belongs to Noida Sec - 44 ?
 1) D 2) C 3) G
 4) F 5) A
64. Which of the following statements is true?
 1) A plays cricket
 2) C Hindi likes subject
 3) E plays ludo
 4) B likes Hindi subject
 5) None of these
65. Which of the following student likes English subject?
 1) E 2) A 3) D
 4) F 5) G

Directions (66-70) : Question consists of five statements followed by five conclusions. Consider the given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance with commonly known facts. Read all the conclusions and then decide which of the given conclusion does not logically follow from the given statements using all statements together.

66. **Statements :** Some policy is global.
 All global are economy.
 No economy is bank.
 All job is bank.
 Some job is success.

Conclusions :

- 1) Some policy is not bank.
 2) No global is bank.
 3) Some success is bank.
 4) All global being job is a possibility.
 5) All success is being bank is a possibility.

67. **Statements :** Some market is investor.
 No investor is stock.
 Some financial is goal.
 No financial is brand.
 All financial is value.

Conclusions :

- 1) Some market is not stock.
 2) Some goal is not brand.
 3) Some value is not brand.
 4) All market being goal is a possibility.
 5) All market being stock is a possibility.

68. **Statements :** All debt is deficit.
Some deficit is tax.
All tax is budget.
Some tax is fiscal.
No fiscal is stability.

Conclusions :

- 1) Some deficit is budget.
- 2) Some tax is not stability.
- 3) Some budget is not stability.
- 4) Some debt is tax.
- 5) All deficit being tax is possibility.

Directions (69-70) : In each of the questions below are given four statements followed by four conclusions numbered I, II, III & IV. You have to take the given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance with commonly known facts. Read all the conclusions and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follow from the given statements disregarding commonly known facts.

69. **Statements :** Some tennis is cricket.
No cricket is bat.
All bat is match.
Some bat is football.

Conclusions :

- I. Some cricket is match.
- II. Some tennis is not cricket.
- III. Some cricket is football.
- IV. Some tennis is bat.

- 1) Only I and III follow
- 2) Only II and III follow
- 3) Only I and IV follow
- 4) Only II, III and IV follow
- 5) None follows

70. **Statements :** All sony is lava.
Some lava is MI.
All MI is nokia.
Some nokia is samsung.

Conclusions :

- I. Some samsung is MI.
- II. Some nokia is lava.
- III. Some samsung is sony.
- IV. Some sony being nokia is possibility.

- 1) Only I and III follow
- 2) Only I, II and III follow
- 3) Only II and IV follow
- 4) Only II, III and IV follow
- 5) None of these

Directions (71-75) : Study the following information and answer the given questions :

Seven teachers I, J, K, L, M, N and O live on separate floors of a 7-floor building. Ground floor is numbered 1, first floor is numbered 2 and so on. Each of them is teaching different subjects, viz Hindi, English, Math, Science, Civics, History and Sanskrit but not necessarily in the same order. Only three teachers live above the floor on which I lives. Only one teacher lives between I and the one who teaches History. N lives immediately below the one who teaches English. The one who teaches English lives on an even-numbered floor. Only three teachers live between the teachers who teach History and Math. M lives immediately above K. M does not teach Math. Only two people live

between J and the one who teaches Civics. The one who teaches Civics lives below the floor on which J lives. The one teaches Hindi does not live immediately above or immediately below J. L does not live immediately above or immediately below I. O does not teach Science.

71. Which of the following is true with respect to O as per the given information?
1) The one who lives immediately below O ,teaches English.
2) O lives on floor no. 7
3) O lives immediately below M.
4) O lives on the lowermost floor.
5) O teaches History.
72. Who among the following lives on floor no. 3?
1) The one who teaches Science
2) The one who teaches Civics
3) K
4) O
5) M
73. Who lives on the floor immediately above M?
1) I 2) J 3) L
4) O 5) N
74. L teaches which of the following subject?
1) English 2) History 3) Math
4) Civics 5) Science
75. How many teachers live between the floors on which L and the one who teaches English live?
1) None 2) Two 3) One
4) More than three 5) Three

Directions (76 -77) : Read the following information carefully and answer the questions which follow :

- 'A × B' means A is son of B.
'A + B' means A is father of B.
'A > B' means A is daughter of B.
'A < B' means A is wife of B.

76. Which of the following pairs of persons represent cousins with regard to the relations given in the expressions, if it is provided that A is the sister of J. 'L > V < J + P' and 'S × A < D + F < E + K' ?
1) LP 2) SP 3) SK
4) SF 5) Can't be determined
77. In which of the following expressions will the expression $P < M$ be definitely true?
1) $M < R > P \geq S$ 2) $M \geq S = P < F$
3) $Q < M < F = P$ 4) $P = A < R < M$
5) None of these
78. Among A, B, C, D and E, each having scored different marks, B has scored more marks than E and D. B has not scored the highest marks among them. Who among them scored the second-highest marks?
1) B 2) C 3) E
4) D 5) Data inadequate
79. A man walked 30 metres towards South, took a left turn and walked 50 metres, again he took a left and walked 30 metres. How far is he and in which direction from the starting point?
1) 80m south 2) 50m west 3) 130m east
4) 50m east 5) None of these

80. Mohan walked 30 metres towards South, took a left turn and walked 15 metres. He then took a right turn and walked 20 metres. He again took a right turn and walked 15 metres. How far is he from the starting point?
 1) 95 metres 2) 50 metres 3) 70 metres
 4) Cannot be determined 5) None of these

Directions (81-85) : Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:

Eight people S, R, N, L, M, T, O and P are sitting in a circle facing the centre. All eight belong to different professions — reporter, doctor, cricketer, teacher, accountant, shopkeeper, painter and supervisor. They are not necessarily seated in the mentioned order.

M is sitting third to the left of O. The doctor is to the immediate right of M and M is not a reporter. R is sitting fourth to the right of P. Neither R nor P is an immediate neighbour of M. T is a teacher and is sitting third to the right of the doctor. The shopkeeper is sitting second to the left of the teacher. The painter is sitting second to the left of M. S the cricketer is sitting exactly between T and P. The accountant is sitting second to the right of the cricketer. N is sitting third to the left of T.

81. Who amongst the following is a reporter?
 1) O 2) L 3) N
 4) R 5) None of these
82. What is S's position with respect to R?
 1) Third to the right
 2) Second to the right
 3) Third to the left
 4) Second to the left
 5) Fourth to the right
83. How many people are sitting between P and N when counted in an anti-clockwise direction from N?
 1) One 2) Two 3) Three
 4) Four 5) None
84. Four of the following five pairs are alike in a certain way based on their positions in the above arrangement and so form a group. Which of the following does not belong to the group?
 1) Teacher – Painter
 2) Supervisor – Shopkeeper
 3) Cricketer – Reporter
 4) Doctor – Accountant
 5) Shopkeeper – Doctor
85. Which one of the following statements is false according to the above mentioned arrangement?
 1) N is to the immediate right of the supervisor
 2) The shopkeeper is third to the left of the cricketer
 3) The doctor is sitting exactly between the supervisor and the accountant
 4) L is neither a teacher nor a supervisor
 5) There are only three people between S and N

Directions (86-90) : Each of the questions below consists of a question and two statements numbered I and II given below it. You have to decide whether the data provided in the statements are sufficient to answer the question. Read both the statements and give answer.

- 1) if the data in statement I alone are sufficient to answer the question while the data in statement II alone are not sufficient to answer the question.
 2) if the data in statement II alone are sufficient to answer the question while the data in statement I alone are not sufficient to answer the question.
 3) if the data either in statement I alone or in statement II alone are sufficient to answer the question.
 4) if the data even in both statements I and II together are not sufficient to answer the question.
 5) if the data in both statements I and II together are necessary to answer the question.
86. P, Q, R, S and T are sitting around a circular table facing the centre. Who is on the immediate right of R?
 I. P and T are on the either sides of S.
 II. Q is on the immediate left of T.
87. Who is on the immediate right of Seema when Pushpa, Seema, Mita, Rita and Sarita are sitting around in a circle facing the centre?
 I. Mita is sitting exactly between Pushpa and Sarita.
 II. Rita is second to the left of Sarita.
88. Among five friends P, Q, R, S and T, who ranks third in terms of salary obtained by them?
 I. T's salary is more than P and Q but not more than S.
 II. R's salary is lowest among them.
89. Who is the tallest among A, B, C, D and E?
 I. C is taller than B and E.
 II. E is taller than D and A. D is taller than B and C.
90. What does 'ta' mean in a code language?
 I. 'pa ta ja' means 'over and above' in that code language.
 II. 'ho ka pa' means 'come over here' in that code language.
91. _____ is the time taken by the switch in the identification of bit-level errors in the data packet.
 1) Processing delay 2) Queuing delay
 3) Transmission delay 4) Propagation delay
 5) Network delay
92. Bridge is a _____ device.
 1) layer 4 2) layer 2 3) layer 5
 4) layer 7 5) layer 3
93. Which of the following cable types is called cheapernet?
 1) Thicknet 2) UTP 3) SMF
 4) Thinnet 5) STP
94. The _____ menu contains the options to add symbols in a Word document.
 1) Home 2) Insert 3) Review
 4) Mailing 5) View
95. The _____ shows a brief description and, optionally, keyboard shortcuts of commands of dialog box launchers.
 1) Context menu 2) KeyTip 3) Screen Tip
 4) Live Preview 5) Animation
96. A Bug can be called an error which generally comes in a software or a hardware. Which among the following is another name that may refer to bugs in computers?
 1) Leech 2) Squid 3) Slug
 4) Glitch 5) Skim

97. Which of the following general purpose software allows you to do mathematical or financial calculation?
 1) Word processing program
 2) Spreadsheet program
 3) Presentation program
 4) Media Player
 5) DTP program
98. Which of the following is used to insert a CD/DVD in a computer?
 1) NIC Card 2) Modem 3) Hard Drive
 4) Disk Drive 5) USB
99. In excel which of the following symbols is used before a numeric value so that it can be treated as a labelled value?
 1) “ (quote) 2) = (equal) 3) _ (underscore)
 4) ’ (apostrophe) 5) None of these
100. A cell range in Excel is represented by using which among the following sign?
 1) comma 2) colon 3) semicolon
 4) forward slash 5) None of these
- 5) Health needs good care as we may fall victim to some sort of disease.
104. A doctor has succeeded in raising a variety of monkeys similar to human beings. They clean their teeth with brushes and mop their face with towels. [] In that case these animals may be called monkey – man and we may be called man – monkeys.
 1) Perhaps they may learn and use human language.
 2) Sometimes they may die after a few days.
 3) The method adopted by the doctor is wonderful.
 4) We can expect a lot of change in the case of other animals also.
 5) Monkeys are good subjects unlike human beings.
105. It is wonderful how a word can acquire diagonally opposite meaning. Gandhiji called the socially downcast people by the name Harijans. [] But now the Harijans themselves feel that it is a word of insult.
 1) Gandhiji was a social reformer.
 2) Gandhiji had many Harijan friends.
 3) Gandhiji expected to bring them respect by calling them the children of God.
 4) Harijans have risen to such a high position that they feel their brand name ‘Harijan’ to be degrading.
 5) Only Harijans are children of God.

Test - III : English Language

Directions (101-105) : In each of the following questions, a paragraph with a blank is given. From the five choices given below, select the sentence which can go into the blank to make the paragraph logically coherent.

101. Corruption has become rampant in India. Corrupt officials and politicians are ruling over the hapless common man. [] People must join together and force them to take necessary legal action.
 1) Politicians with integrity simply withdraw from the scene.
 2) Such officials are welcomed by the general public.
 3) Even police authorities are reluctant to face them.
 4) They do it with the connivance of topmost authorities.
 5) Corruption is the breeding ground for all evils.
102. Feature films have a very great influence upon the common people. They have no hesitation in regarding actors as gods. [] They must utilize this love and regards to serve the people, not to exploit them.
 1) Gods are expected to protect the devotees.
 2) Though they are gods they are human enough to err.
 3) Gods never walk on earth or collect money.
 4) Some people are ready even to die for them.
 5) Actors are viewed as gods.
103. Most of us fall victim to some sort of disease or the other. We can avoid diseases by leading a hygienic life. It is better to bear in mind a simple truth. [] The consciousness of this truth will lead us to happiness.
 1) It is impossible to have constant health.
 2) Hygienic life is less costly than medical treatment.
 3) Man is mortal and likely to die at any moment.
 4) Happiness is always evasive.

Directions (106-110) : Read the passage and answer the following questions :

The task which Gandhiji undertook was not only the achievement of political freedom but also the establishment of a social order based on truth and non-violence, unity and peace, equality and universal brotherhood, and maximum freedom for all. This unfinished part of his experiment was perhaps even more difficult to achieve than the achievement of political freedom. Political struggle involved fight against a foreign power and all one could do was either join it or wish it success and give it his moral support. In establishing the social order of this pattern, there was a lively possibility of a conflict arising between groups and classes of our own people. Experience shows that man values his **possessions** even more than his life because in the former he sees the means for perpetuation and survival of his descendants even after his body is reduced to ashes. A new order cannot be established without **radically** changing the mind and attitude of men towards property and, at some stage or the other, the ‘haves’ have to yield place to the ‘have-nots’. We have seen, in our time, attempts to achieve a kind of **egalitarian** society and the picture of it after it was achieved. But this was done, by and large, through the use of physical force.

In the ultimate analysis, it is difficult, if not impossible, to say that the instinct to possess has been rooted out or that it will not reappear in an even worse form under a different guise. It may even be that, like a gas kept confined within containers under great pressure, or water held by a big dam, once a barrier breaks, the reaction will one day sweep back with a violence equal in extent and intensity to what was used to establish and maintain the outward

egalitarian form. This enforced egalitarianism contains, in its bosom, the seed of its own destruction.

The root cause of class conflict is possessiveness or the acquisitive instinct. So long as the ideal that is to be achieved is one of securing the maximum material satisfaction, possessiveness can neither be suppressed nor eliminated but will grow on what it feeds. Nor will it cease to be such- it is possessiveness, still, whether it is confined to only a few or is shared by many.

If egalitarianism is to endure, it has to be based not on the possession of the maximum material goods by a few or by all but on voluntary, enlightened renunciation of those goods which cannot be shared by others or can be enjoyed only at the expense of others. This calls for substitution of spiritual values for purely material ones. The **paradise** of material satisfaction, that is sometimes equated with progress these days neither spells peace nor progress. Mahatma Gandhi has shown us how the acquisitive instinct inherent in man could be transmuted by the adoption of the ideal of trusteeship by those who 'have' for the benefit of all those who 'have not' so that, instead of leading to exploitation and conflict, it would become a means and incentive for the amelioration and progress of society, respectively.

106. According to the passage, egalitarianism will not survive if
- 1) It is based on voluntary renunciation
 - 2) It is achieved by resorting to physical force
 - 3) Underprivileged people are not involved in its establishment
 - 4) People's outlook towards it is not radically changed
 - 5) None of these
107. According to the passage, why does man value his possessions more than his life?
- 1) He has an inherent desire to share his possessions with others
 - 2) He is endowed with the possessive instinct
 - 3) Only his possessions help him earn love and respect from his descendants
 - 4) Through his possessions he can preserve his name even after his death
 - 5) None of these
108. According to the passage, which was the unfinished part of Gandhiji's experiment?
- 1) Educating people to avoid class conflict
 - 2) Achieving total political freedom for the country
 - 3) Establishment of an egalitarian society
 - 4) Radically changing the mind and attitude of men towards truth and non-violence
 - 5) None of these
109. Which of the following statements is 'not true' in the context of the passage?
- 1) True egalitarianism can be achieved by giving up one's possessions under compulsion
 - 2) Man values his life more than his possessions
 - 3) Possessive instinct is a natural part of the human being
 - 4) In the political struggle, the fight was against the alien rule
 - 5) The root cause of class conflict is possessiveness
110. According to the passage, true egalitarianism will last if
- 1) It is thrust upon people
 - 2) It is based on truth and non-violence
 - 3) People inculcate spiritual values along with material values
 - 4) 'Haves' and 'have-nots' live together peacefully
 - 5) None of these
111. According to the passage, people ultimately overturn the form of a social order
- 1) Which is based on coercion and oppression
 - 2) Which does not satisfy their basic needs
 - 3) Which is based upon conciliation and rapprochement
 - 4) Which is not congenial to the spiritual values of the people
 - 5) None of these
112. According to the passage, the root cause of class conflict is
- 1) The paradise of material satisfaction
 - 2) Dominant inherent acquisitive instinct in man
 - 3) Exploitation of the 'have-nots' by the 'haves'
 - 4) A social order where the unprivileged are not a part of the establishment
 - 5) None of these
113. Which of the following statements is not true in the context of the passage?
- 1) A new order can be established by radically changing the outlook of people towards it
 - 2) Adoption of the ideal of trusteeship can minimise possessive instinct
 - 3) Enforced egalitarianism can be the cause of its own destruction
 - 4) Idea of new order is to secure maximum material satisfaction
 - 5) None of these
114. According to the passage, which of the following statements is true?
- 1) A social order based on truth and non-violence alone can help the achievement of political freedom
 - 2) In establishing the social order of Gandhiji's pattern, the possibility of a conflict between different classes of society hardly exists
 - 3) It is difficult to change the mind and attitude of men towards property
 - 4) In an egalitarian society, material satisfaction can be enjoyed only at the expenses of others
 - 5) None of these
115. According to the passage, what does adoption of the ideal of trusteeship mean?
- 1) Equating peace and progress with material satisfaction
 - 2) Adoption of the ideal by the 'haves' for the benefit of the society
 - 3) Voluntary, enlightened renunciation of the possessive instinct by the privileged class
 - 4) Substitution of spiritual values by material ones by those who live in the paradise of material satisfaction
 - 5) None of these

Directions (116-120) : Which of the following is synonym/antonym of the given word from the passage?

116. **Possessions**
 1) Perfection 2) Custody 3) Parameters
 4) Arguments 5) Arrangement
117. **Radically**
 1) Presumably 2) Possibility 3) Elaborate
 4) Conservative 5) Fixed
118. **Egalitarian**
 1) Elitist 2) Magician 3) Pessimistic
 4) Optimistic 5) Delusional
119. **Acquisitive**
 1) Greedy 2) Needy 3) Helpful
 4) Artistic 5) Manner
120. **Paradise**
 1) Plague 2) Place 3) Den
 4) House 5) Heaven

Directions (121-125) : In each of the following questions, five statements conveying the same idea are given. Select the one which expresses the idea in the most concise manner and mark its number as your answer. Please note that all of them may be grammatically correct and mean the same but you have to select the most concise way of expressing the idea.

121.
 1) He had begun his speech before we arrived.
 2) He had begun his speech before we were arriving.
 3) His speech had begun before we arrived.
 4) He had his speech begun before we arrived.
 5) He had to begin his speech before we arrived.
122.
 1) On the death of her husband grief overwhelmed with her.
 2) Grief overwhelmed with her on her husband's death.
 3) On the death of her husband she was overwhelmed with grief.
 4) The death of her husband overwhelmed her with grief.
 5) Her husband's death caused so much grief that she was overwhelmed.
123.
 1) The water there was more than what we had wished for.
 2) There was more there than what we had wished for.
 3) There was more water there than we wished for.
 4) There was more water there than were wishing of.
 5) There was more water than anyone ever could wish for.
124.
 1) It was rumoured that the army was defeated.
 2) There was a rumour that the army was defeated.
 3) The army was defeated was a rumour.
 4) The rumour was that the army was defeated.
 5) A rumour was spread that army will be defeated.
125.
 1) It is foolish on our part to expect that they would cater to our demands which they are quite unable to meet.
 2) It is foolish of us to expect that they would cater to our demands which they cannot meet.

- 3) It is foolish on our part to expect that they would cater to our demands which are unable to be met by them.
 4) It is foolish to think that they would cater to our demands which they cannot meet.
 5) It is foolish of us to expect that they would cater to their demands which we cannot meet.

Directions(126-130) : In each of the following sentences, five options are given. You are required to identify the best way of writing the sentence in the context of the correct usage of standard written English. While doing so, you have to ensure that the message being conveyed remains the same in all the cases.

126. The Indian cricket team's winning it's first game of the 2007 World Cup excited the fans of the team.
 1) The Indian cricket team's winning it's first game of the 2007 World Cup excited the fans of the team.
 2) The Indian cricket team having won its first game of the 2007 World Cup, excited the fans of the team.
 3) The Indian cricket team's having won its first game of the 2007 World Cup excited the fans of the team.
 4) The Indian cricket team's winning its first game of the 2007 World Cup excited the fans of the team.
 5) The Indian cricket team's had won its first game of the 2007 World Cup excited the fans of the team.
127. Poor product quality angers Mr. Garbole, who wonders if it is part of a strategy by marketers.
 1) Poor product quality angers Mr. Garbole, who wonders if it is part of a strategy by marketers.
 2) Poor product quality angers Mr. Garbole, who wonders if marketers are part of the strategy.
 3) Poor product quality angers Mr. Garbole, that wonders if it is part of a strategy by marketers.
 4) Poor product quality angers Mr. Garbole, who wonders if they are part of a strategy by marketers.
 5) Poor product quality angers Mr. Garbole, who wonders if it are part of a strategy.
128. Ambikesh noticed the cat's soft hair, sharp paws, and keen sense of hearing.
 1) Ambikesh noticed the cat's soft hair, sharp paws, and keen sense of hearing.
 2) Ambikesh noticed the cat's soft hair, sharp paws, and that his sense of hearing was keen.
 3) Ambikesh noticed the cat's soft hair, that he had sharp paws, and a very keen sense of hearing.
 4) Ambikesh noticed the cat's soft hair, keen sense of hearing and also that it had sharp paws.
 5) Ambikesh as noticed the cat's soft hair, sharp paws and keen sense of hearing.
129. Having bowed our heads, the priest in the temple led us in prayer.
 1) Having bowed our heads, the priest in the temple led us in prayer.
 2) After we bowed our head, the priest in the temple led us in prayer.
 3) After we bowed our heads, the priest in the temple led us in prayer.
 4) After we had bowed our heads, the priest in the temple led us in prayer.

- 5) After having bowed our head, the priest in the temple led us in prayer.
130. My grandmother seldom ever wants to try and face the facts.
- 1) My grandmother seldom ever wants to try and face the facts.
 - 2) My grandmother seldom if ever wants to try and face the facts.
 - 3) My grandmother seldom ever wants to try to face the facts.
 - 4) My grandmother seldom wants to try to face the facts.
 - 5) My grandmother seldom want to try face the facts.

Turning Point

Directions (131-135) : A number of sentences are given below which, when properly sequenced, form a COHERENT PARAGRAPH. Four sentences are LOGICAL connected, one sentence is out of the context. Find the ODD SENTENCE.

131. A. Everyone knows the story of the traveler who has never been on a foreign trip before and the unfortunate events drove him crazy.
- B. I think that there is far too much work done in the world, and that immense harm is caused by the belief that work is virtuous, and that what needs to be preached in modern industrial countries is quite different from what always has been preached.
- C. But although my conscience has controlled my actions, my opinions have undergone a revolution.
- D. Being a highly virtuous child, I believed all that I was told and acquired a conscience which has kept me working hard down to the present moment.
- E. Like most of my generation, I was brought up on the saying, "Satan finds some mischief still for idle hands to do."

- 1)A 2)B 3)C
4)D 5)E

132. A. A system of coercion is best suitable in a democracy and can be solution to all the world problems.
- B. I am quite aware that it is necessary for the success of any complex undertaking that one man should do the thinking and directing and in general bear the responsibility.
- C. For force always attract men of low morality, and I believe it to be an invariable rule that tyrants of genius are succeeded by scoundrels.
- D. For this reason I have always been passionately opposed to systems such as we see in Italy and Russia today.
- E. But the led must not be compelled; they must be able to choose their leader.

- 1)A 2)B 3)C
4)D 5)E

133. A. They have a responsible president who is elected for a sufficiently long period and has sufficient powers to be really responsible.
- B. I believe that in this respect the United States of America have found the right way.
- C. The really valuable thing in the pageant of human life seems to me to live a luxurious life, be ruthless and insensitive toward other fellow citizens.

Turning Point

- D. The thing that has brought discredit upon the prevailing form of democracy in Europe today is not to be laid to the door of the democratic idea as such, but to lack of stability on the part of the heads of governments and to the impersonal character of the electoral system.
- E. On the other hand, what I value in our political system is the more extensive provision that it makes for the individual in case of illness or need.
- 1)A 2)B 3)C
4)D 5)E

134. A. He has only been given his big brain by mistake.
- B. A backbone was all he needed.
- C. This topic brings me to that worst outcrop of the herd nature, the military system, which I abhor.
- D. This system of military is bringing the humankind to the danger of extinct.
- E. That a man can take pleasure in marching in formation to the strains of a band is enough to make me despise him.

- 1)A 2)B 3)C
4)D 5)E

135. A. I must launch out my boat.
- B. The languid hours pass by on the shore – Alas for me!
- C. The spring has done its flowering and taken leave.
- D. And now with the burden of faded futile flowers I wait and linger.
- E. The waves have become clamorous, and upon the bank in the shady lane the yellow leaves flutter and fall.

- 1)A 2)B 3)C
4)D 5)E

Directions (136-140) : The following questions of sentence correction, a part of the sentence is given in bold. Out of the given options, find out the grammatically correct statement that can replace the bold part in the given questions.

136. **Neuroscientists, having amassed a wealth of knowledge over the past twenty years about the brain and its development from birth to adulthood, are** now drawing solid conclusions about how the human brain grows and how babies acquire language.
- 1) Neuroscientists, having amassed a wealth of knowledge over the past twenty years about the brain and its development from birth to adulthood, are
 - 2) Neuroscientists, having amassed a wealth of knowledge about the brain and its development from birth to adulthood over the past twenty years, and are
 - 3) Neuroscientists amassing a wealth of knowledge about the brain and its development from birth to adulthood over the past twenty years, and are
 - 4) Neuroscientists have amassed a wealth of knowledge over the past twenty years about the brain and its development from birth to adulthood,
 - 5) Neuroscientists have amassed, over the past twenty years, a wealth of knowledge about the brain and its development from birth to adulthood,

Test - IV : General Knowledge

137. None of the attempts to specify the causes of crime explains why most of the people exposed to the alleged causes do not commit crimes and, conversely, why so many of those not so exposed **have**.
 1) have 2) has 3) shall
 4) do 5) could
138. **In a previous designs, the weight of the discus used in track competition is concentrated in a metal center, but now it is** lined with lead around the perimeter, thereby improving stability in flight and resulting in longer throws.
 1) In a previous design, the weight of the discus used in track competition is concentrated in a metal center, but now it is
 2) According to a previous design, the weight of the discus used in track competition was concentrated in a metal center, but not it is
 3) Once designed with its weight concentrated in a metal center, the discus used in track competition in now
 4) The discus used in track competition, once designed with its weight concentrated in a metal center, but now
 5) The discus used in track competition was once designed having its weight concentrated in a metal center and now
139. In virtually all types of tissue in every animal species, dioxin induces the production of enzymes that are the organism's trying to metabolize, or render harmless, the chemical that is irritating it.
 1) trying to metabolize, or render harmless, the chemical that is irritating it
 2) trying that it metabolize, or render harmless, the chemical irritant
 3) attempt to try to metabolize, or render harmless, such a chemical irritant
 4) attempt to try and metabolize, or render harmless, the chemical irritating it
 5) attempt to metabolize, or render harmless, the chemical irritant
140. Based on accounts of various ancient writers, scholars have painted a sketchy picture of the activities of an all-female cult that, perhaps as early as the sixth century B.C., worshipped a goddess known in Latin as Bona Dea, "the good goddess."
 1) Based on accounts of various ancient writers,
 2) Basing it on various ancient writers' accounts,
 3) With accounts of various ancient writers used for a basis,
 4) By the accounts of various ancient writers they used,
 5) Using accounts of various ancient writers
141. The details submitted by the outward supplier in Form GSTR 1 shall be furnished to the input service distributor in form _____
 1. GSTR 4A 2. GSTR 5A 3. GSTR 2A
 4. GSTR 6A 5. None of these
142. How much % GST levied on services by way of admission to a museum, national park, wildlife sanctuary, tiger reserve or zoo?
 1. 12% 2. 28% 3. 5%
 4. 18% 5. No GST
143. In NOF, O stands for _____
 1. Original 2. Operation 3. Owned
 4. All of these 5. None of these
144. Core Investment Companies with asset size of less than Rs. _____ are exempted from registration with the RBI.
 1. Rs. 100 Crore 2. Rs. 200 Crore 3. Rs. 300 Crore
 4. Rs. 400 Crore 5. None of these
145. If any Indian bank fails to maintain the required level of SLR, then the defaulter bank pays penal interest at the rate of _____ per annum above the Bank Rate on the shortfall amount for that particular day.
 1. 4% 2. 5% 3. 3%
 4. 2% 5. 6%
146. RBI is empowered to vary CRR between ___ and _____.
 1. 10%, 4% 2. 10%, 2% 3. 10%, 3%
 4. 10%, 1% 5. None of these
147. The 2017 World Tsunami Awareness Day (WTAD) is observed on which date?
 1. November 4 2. November 5 3. November 3
 4. November 6 5. November 7
148. The 1st Heli Expo India and International Civil Helicopter Conclave-2017 has started in which city?
 1. Kanpur 2. Kochi 3. Kolkata
 4. New Delhi 5. Ahmedabad
149. The Hazaribag Wildlife Sanctuary (HWS) is located in which state?
 1. Madhya Pradesh 2. Jharkhand
 3. Uttar Pradesh 4. Odisha
 5. Goa
150. Who has been chosen for the 53rd Jnanpith Award 2017?
 1. Krishna Sobti 2. Leeladhar Mandloi
 3. Ramakant Rath 4. Girishwar Misra
 5. Shalini Hashmi
151. Which word has been named official word of the year 2017 by Collins dictionary?
 1. Green economy 2. Fake nation
 3. Eco library 4. Fake news
 5. World News
152. Which state to host the second edition of Nobel Prize Series – India?
 1. Gujarat 2. Goa 3. Karnataka
 4. Haryana 5. Himachal Pradesh

153. Which country is hosting the International Conference on "Ramayan Circuit and Mithila-Awadh Relations"?
1. Nepal
 2. India
 3. Sri Lanka
 4. Myanmar
 5. Pakistan
154. What is the India's rank in the 2017 World Economic Forum's (WEF) Global Gender Gap index?
1. 100th
 2. 111th
 3. 144th
 4. 108th
 5. 119th
155. The bi-annual multilateral exercise 'Blue Flag-17' has started in which country?
1. Brazil
 2. South Africa
 3. Israel
 4. China
 5. Cuba
156. Which Indian sportswoman has won triple gold at Egypt Junior and Cadet Open Table Tennis Championship 2017?
1. Mouma Das
 2. Manika Batra
 3. Selena Selvakumar
 4. Poulomi Ghatak
 5. Anupama Helep
157. Which state assembly has become the first in India to call motions online?
1. Punjab
 2. Kerala
 3. Rajasthan
 4. Tripura
 5. Pondicherry
158. The AYUSH Festival of Stamps 2017 has started in which city?
1. New Delhi
 2. Chennai
 3. Panaji
 4. Gandhi Nagar
 5. Vishakapatnam
159. The Karera Wildlife Sanctuary (KWS) is located in which state?
1. Madhya Pradesh
 2. Tamil Nadu
 3. Uttar Pradesh
 4. Punjab
 5. Uttrakhand
160. The first-ever International tri services joint exercise "INDRA – 2017" will be conducted between India and which country?
1. Russia
 2. Japan
 3. United States
 4. South Korea
 5. Mangolia
161. Who is the author of the book "Beyond the Dream Girl"?
1. Bhavna Somaiya
 2. Ram Kamal Mukherjee
 3. Ramesh Sippy
 4. Bala Krishna
 5. Chethan Bhagath
162. Who has won the Nobel Prize in Economic Sciences 2017?
1. George F. Loewenstein
 2. Colin F Camerer
 3. Stewart C. Myers
 4. Richard H. Thaler
 5. Josheph Mythri
163. President Ram Nath Kovind has launched Mata Amritanandamayi Math Project 'Jeevamritham' from which state?
1. Mizoram
 2. Kerala
 3. Andhra Pradesh
 4. Karnataka
 5. West Bengal
164. Who has been chosen for the 2017 Vayalar Ramavarma Literacy award?
1. Subhash Chandran
 2. U. K. Kumaran
 3. T D Ramakrishna
 4. K. R. Meera
 5. Kamal Kannan
165. The Gautala Autramghat Sanctuary (GAS) is located in which state?
1. Odisha
 2. Kerala
 3. Andhra Pradesh
 4. Maharashtra
 5. Assam
166. The 2017 International Day of Older Persons is observed on which date?
1. October 2
 2. October 1
 3. October 3
 4. October 4
 5. October 8
167. NITI Aayog will host Global Entrepreneurship Summit (GES 2017) in which city?
1. Hyderabad
 2. New Delhi
 3. Chennai
 4. Kochi
 5. Dehradun
168. Which service will be launched by BSNL in partnership with Vihaan Networks Limited (VNL) to provide disaster management in India?
1. Relief 111
 2. Relief 17
 3. Relief 123
 4. Relief 99
 5. Relief 156
169. Which bank has launched 'Project Nishchay' to improve financial performance?
1. PNB
 2. SBI
 3. ICICI Bank
 4. IDBI Bank
 5. Canara Bank
170. Who has become the first woman chief proctor of Banaras Hindu University (BHU)?
1. Varsha Sharma
 2. Royana Singh
 3. Nidhi Singh
 4. Hema Prajapati
 5. Disha Hemamalini
171. Deposits which can be withdrawn by a customer without notice is called?
1. Time Deposits
 2. Demand Deposits
 3. Variable Deposits
 4. Low-cost Deposits
 5. None of the given options is true
172. BHIM stands for _____
1. Bharat Interface for Money
 2. Bharat Interbank Money transfer
 3. Bharat Instant Money transfer
 4. Bharat Interface for Marketing
 5. Bharat Integrated Money Transfer
173. If the compensation sought from the Banking Ombudsman is beyond _____ the Banking Ombudsman may reject a complaint at any stage.
1. Rs. 5 lakh
 2. Rs. 10 lakh
 3. Rs. 15 lakh
 4. Rs. 20 lakh
 5. None of these
174. Loans up to _____ in other centres for purchase/construction of a dwelling unit per family under priority sector.
1. Rs. 20 lakh
 2. Rs. 18 lakh
 3. Rs. 15 lakh
 4. Rs. 28 lakh
 5. None of these
175. Every registered taxable person shall be entitled to take credit of input tax in his return and such input tax credit shall be credited to _____
1. Personal Ledger Account
 2. Refund account
 3. Electronic Cash Ledger
 4. Electronic Credit Ledger
 5. None of these
176. How much % GST levied on Erasers?

1. 12% 2. 28% 3. 5%
4. 18% 5. No GST
177. NBFCs whose asset size is of _____ or more as per last audited balance sheet are considered as systemically important NBFCs.
1. Rs. 200 Crore 2. Rs. 300 Crore 3. Rs. 400 Crore
4. Rs. 500 Crore 5. None of these
178. In PAN Card, If the fourth letter is F, then it denotes _
1. Company 2. Firm 3. Family
4. Government 5. None of these
179. In AFC, "A" stands for _____
1. Asset 2. Adequacy 3. Alternate
4. Amount 5. None of these
180. In RNBC, R stands for _____
1. Real 2. Risk 3. Ratio
4. Residuary 5. None of these
181. At the AXIS theater at Planet Hollywood casino-resort on the Las Vegas Strip, who has been recently crowned Miss Universe 2017?
1. Demi-Leigh Nel-Peters 2. Denisse Franco
3. Laura Gonzalez 4. Davina Benett
5. Nikoleta Todorova
182. In which Indian state is Indrahhar Pass situated?
1. Jammu and Kashmir 2. Himachal Pradesh
3. Maharashtra 4. Sikkim
5. Uttarakhand
183. Nashik city is situated on the banks of which river?
1. Krishna 2. Kaveri 3. Godavari
4. Mahanadi 5. Koyna
184. Where is the Sariska Wildlife Sanctuary located?
1. Jammu and Kashmir
2. Rajasthan
3. Uttarakhand
4. Gujarat
5. Jharkhand
185. Where is Koteswar Dam situated?
1. Uttarakhand
2. Bihar
3. Himachal Pradesh
4. Madhya Pradesh
5. Haryana
186. Where is the head office of International Organization for Migration situated?
1. Paris
2. London
3. New York
4. Geneva
5. Berlin
187. Which of the following country was first to start civil service Competition?
1. India
2. China
3. USA
4. UK
5. Russia
188. When was ISRO established?
1. 1972
2. 1969
3. 1966
4. 1975
5. 1965
189. Who is the minister of state with independent charge of ministry of communications and railways?
1. Shiv Pratap Shukla
2. Raj Kumar Singh
3. Dr. Virendra Kumar
4. Manoj Sinha
5. Hardeep Singh Puri
190. Dree festival celebrated at which of the following Indian state?
1. Tripura
2. Manipur
3. Sikkim
4. Arunachal Pradesh
5. None of the above states

" ALL THE BEST "

Test -05 KEY

1) 2	2) 1	3) 3	4) 4	5) 4	Turning Point	131) 1	132) 1	133) 3	134) 4	135) 5
6) 3	7) 1	8) 2	9) 1	10) 3		136) 1	137) 4	138) 3	139) 5	140) 5
11) 2	12) 3	13) 1	14) 1	15) 1		141) 4	142) 5	143) 3	144) 1	145) 3
16) -	17) 1	18) 5	19) 3	20) 4		146) 3	147) 2	148) 4	149) 2	150) 1
21) 2	22) 2	23) 5	24) 1	25) 3		151) 4	152) 2	153) 1	154) 4	155) 3
26) 5	27) 1	28) 2	29) 3	30) 4		156) 3	157) 3	158) 3	159) 1	160) 1
31) 2	32) 4	33) 3	34) 4	35) 4		161) 2	162) 4	163) 2	164) 3	165) 4
36) 2	37) 3	38) 2	39) 4	40) 1		166) 2	167) 1	168) 3	169) 4	170) 2
41) 2	42) 2	43) 4	44) 4	45) 2		171) 2	172) 1	173) 4	174) 1	175) 4
46) 1	47) 4	48) 2	49) 2	50) 3		176) 1	177) 4	178) 2	179) 1	180) 4
51) 4	52) 1	53) 2	54) 5	55) 1	Turning Point	181) 1	182) 2	183) 3	184) 2	185) 1
56) 5	57) 3	58) 5	59) 5	60) 1		186) 4	187) 2	188) 2	189) 4	190) 4
61) 5	62) 5	63) 5	64) 4	65) 2						
66) 4	67) 5	68) 4	69) 5	70) 3						
71) 1	72) 2	73) 5	74) 5	75) 2						
76) 2	77) 4	78) 5	79) 4	80) 2						
81) 1	82) 1	83) 4	84) 5	85) 3						
86) 5	87) 5	88) 4	89) 2	90) 4						
91) 1	92) 2	93) 4	94) 2	95) 3						
96) 4	97) 2	98) 4	99) 4	100) 2						
101) 3	102) 4	103) 2	104) 1	105) 3	Turning Point					
106) 4	107) 4	108) 4	109) 2	110) 3						
111) 1	112) 2	113) 4	114) 2	115) 5						
116) 2	117) 4	118) 1	119) 1	120) 5						
121) 1	122) 3	123) 1	124) 2	125) 4						
126) 4	127) 1	128) 2	129) 4	130) 4						